

Supporting Information:

CONVENIENT SYNTHESIS OF OPTICALLY PURE 8-METHOXY-2-METHYL-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDROQUINOLINE AND 2-METHYL-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDROQUINOLINE

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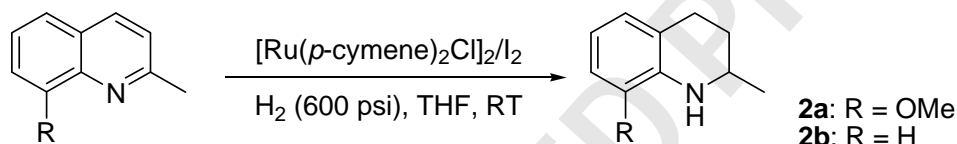
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1. General and Materials

The chemical shifts for ^1H NMR were recorded in ppm downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS) with the solvent resonance as the internal standard. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh). TLC analysis was performed using glass-backed plates coated with 0.2 mm silica. Optical rotations were measured with JASCO P-1010 polarimeter. 8-Methoxy-2-methylquinoline was synthesized by methylation of 8-hydroxy-2-methylquinoline with iodomethane. (C. Deraeve. *Chem. Eur. J.* 2008, **14**, 682).

2. The Synthesis of Racemates 2a and 2b



1) 8-Methoxy-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (2a): In the air, to the reaction bottle A was added 8-methoxy-2-methylquinoline (12.470 g, 72 mmol) and I_2 (0.300 g), followed by 80 mL THF. The mixture was stirred until the iodine was dissolved. At the same time, to the reaction bottle B was added $[\text{Ru}(p\text{-cymene})\text{Cl}_2]_2$ (0.050 g, 0.08 mmol) and 20 mL undistilled THF. The mixture was stirred until the solution is homogeneous. Then to the reaction bottle A was added the solution of $[\text{Ru}(p\text{-cymene})\text{Cl}_2]_2$ of THF in bottle B. Then the resulting reaction mixture was placed in an autoclave, and the autoclave was pressurized to 600 psi hydrogen and stirred at room temperature for 16 h, after carefully releasing the hydrogen, the reaction mixture was concentrated to afford the crude product. Purification was performed by a silica gel column eluted with hexane/EtOAc to give pure product **2a** as light yellow oil (11.601 g, 91% yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 6.63-6.54 (m, 3H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.39-3.35 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.74 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 146.1, 134.6, 121.5, 121.2, 115.9, 107.3, 55.3, 46.8, 30.2, 26.5, 22.7.

2) 2-Methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (2b): The synthesis of **2b** (99% yield) was similar to that of **2a**. (Known compound, see: W.-B. Wang, S.-M. Lu, P.-Y. Yang, X.-W. Han, Y.-G. Zhou, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2003, **125**, 10536). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.95-6.93 (m, 2H), 6.61-6.57 (m, 1H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (br, 1H), 3.40-3.36 (m, 1H), 2.83-2.73 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.18 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 144.9, 129.4, 126.9, 121.3, 117.1, 114.1, 47.3, 30.3, 26.8, 22.8.

3. The Chemical Resolution of **2a** and **2b**

1) The chemical resolution of 8-methoxy-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (2a): Racemic 8-methoxy-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (**2a**) (16.590 g, 93 mmol) was diluted by 70 mL acetone with heating to 50 °C. (*D*)-DTTA (35.656 g, 93 mmol) was dissolved in 100 mL acetone and the solution was dropped into the bottle of 8-methoxy-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, keep stirring 30 minutes. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and crystals appeared. The crystals were filtered and the residue was washed with acetone (20 mL) and dried to afford the solid diastereoisomeric salt, workup of the diastereoisomeric salt was as follows: The crystals were suspended in NaOH aqueous solution (0.6 mol/L, 150 mL) and stirred for 30 min. The mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ for three times. Then combined organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed *in vacuo* to afford the product. Repeating this operation twice gave the chiral (+)-8-methoxy-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (**2a**) (4.293 g, 52% yield, 99% *ee*), [α]_D²¹ = +68.4 (*c* 0.66, CHCl₃). HPLC (IC Column, Hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99.5/0.5, 0.5 mL/min, 30 °C, 254 nm): (+) *t*₁ = 9.4 min, (-) *t*₂ = 9.9 min.

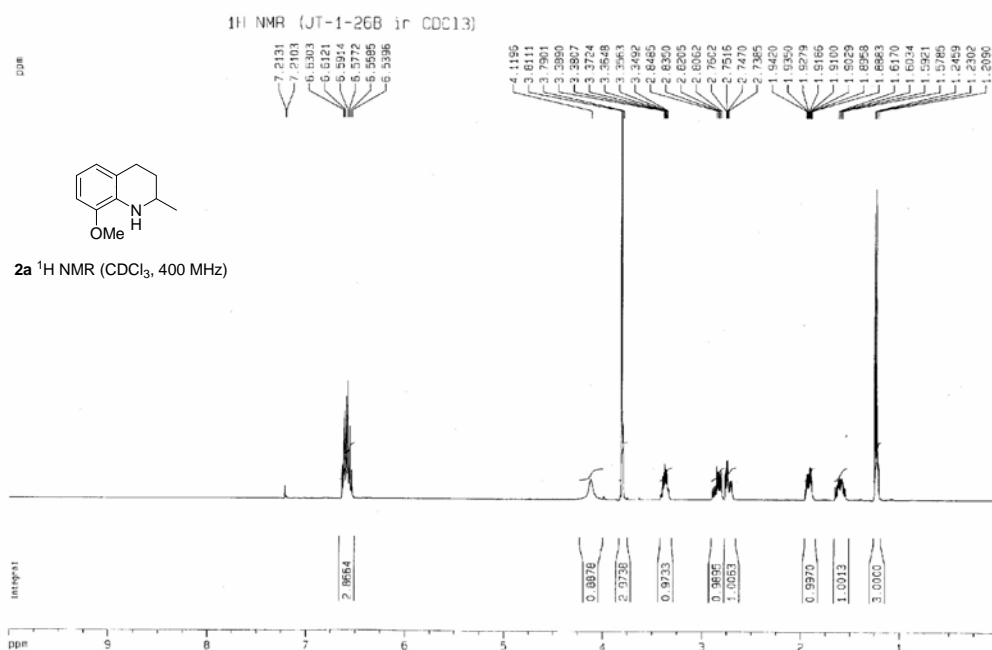
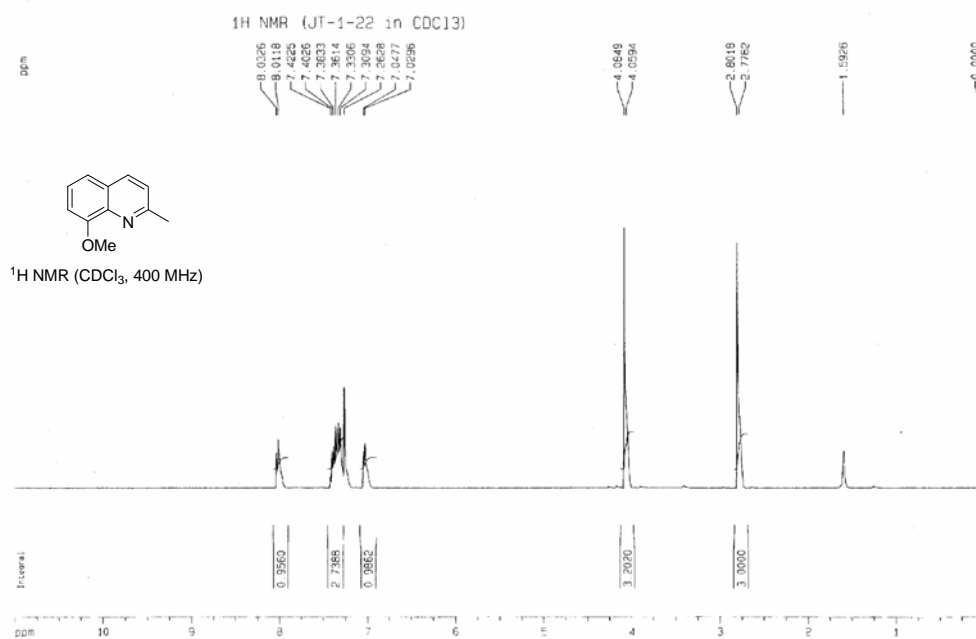
The filtrate after resolution was recovered and cracked by NaOH aqueous solution, the scalemic **2a** was obtained after extraction by CH₂Cl₂. Optically pure (-)-**2a** (88% yield, >99% *ee*) could be obtained by using the (*L*)-DTTA as resolution reagent with the same operation.

2) The chemical resolution of 2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (2b): Racemic 2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (24.673 g, 168 mmol) was diluted by

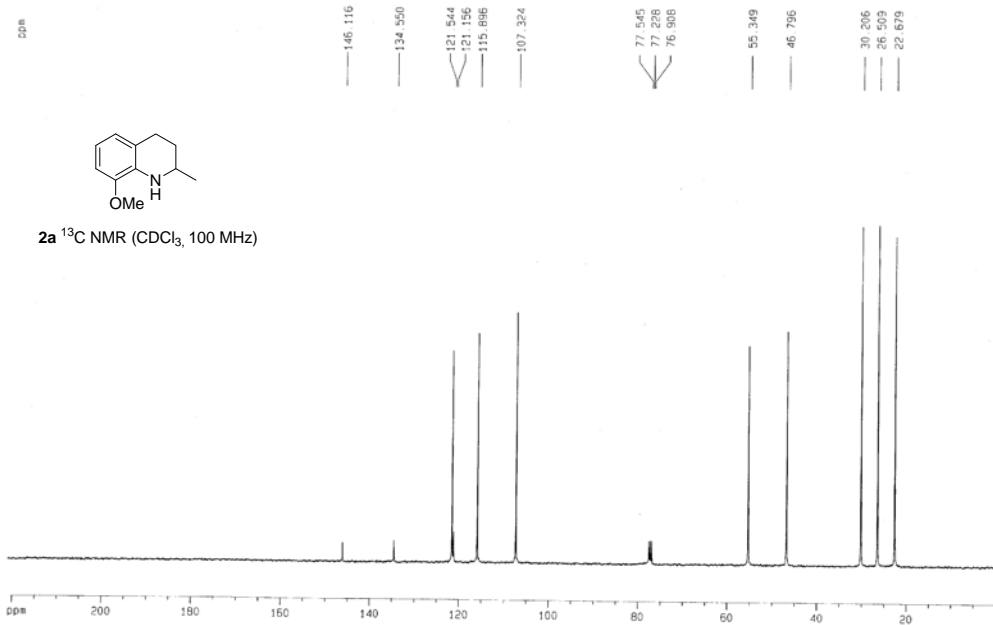
40 mL acetone with heating to 50 °C. (*D*)-DMTA (80.867 g, 168 mmol) was dissolved in 150 mL acetone and the solution was dropped into the bottle of 2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline. keep stirring 30 minutes. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and crystals appeared. The crystals were filtered and the residue was washed with acetone (20 mL) and dried to afford the solid diastereoisomeric salt, workup of the diastereoisomeric salt was as follows: The crystals were suspended in NaOH aqueous solution (0.6 mol/L, 280 mL) and stirred for 30 min. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane for three times. Then combined organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed *in vacuo* to afford the product. Repeating this operation three times gets (-)-(*S*)-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline **2b** (3.369 g, 28% yield, 99% *ee*). [α]_D²⁰ = -91.7 (*c* 1.23, CHCl₃). HPLC (OJ-H Column, Hexane/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 30 °C, 254 nm): (*S*)-(-) *t*₁ = 11.2 min, (*R*)-(+) *t*₂ = 12.3 min.

The filtrate after resolution was recovered and cracked by NaOH aqueous solution, the scalemic **2b** was obtained after extraction by CH₂Cl₂. Optically pure (*R*)-(+)-**2b** (31% yield, >99% *ee*) can be obtained by using the (*L*)-DMTA as resolution reagent with the same operation.

4. Copy of NMR and HPLC

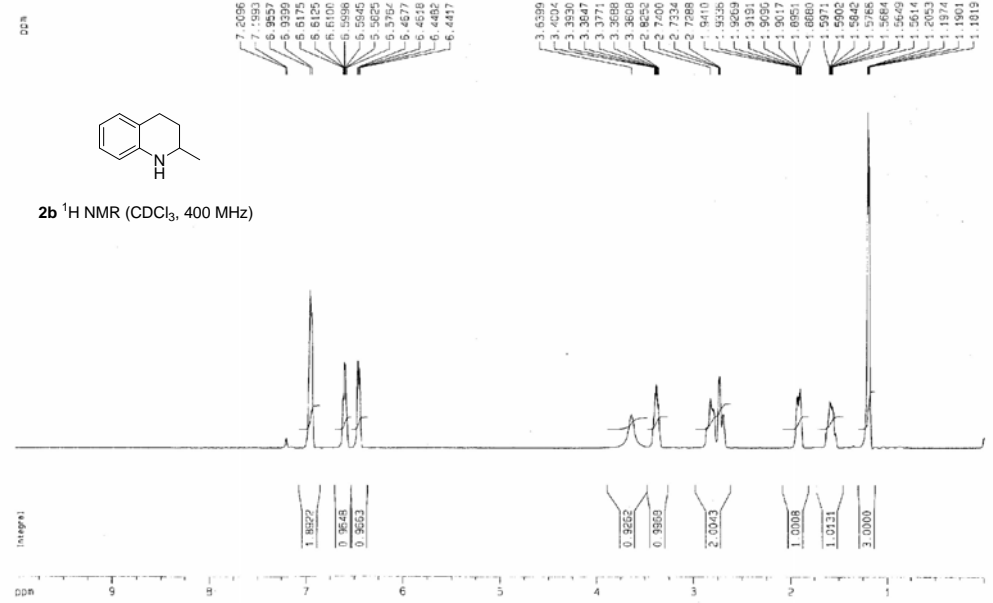


13C NMR JT-1-25 in CDCl3



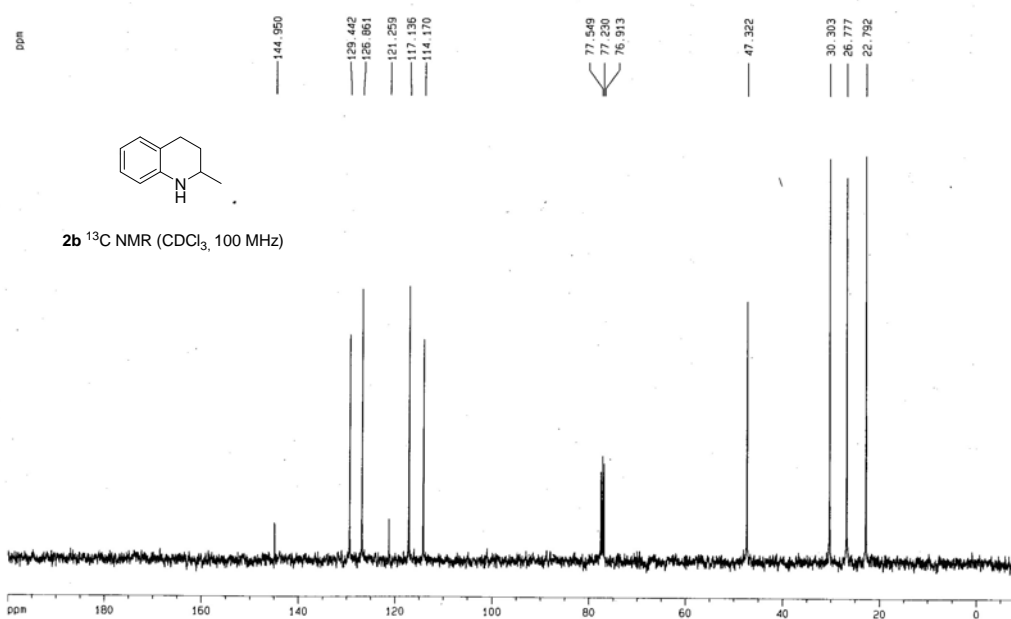
2a ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz)

1H NMR JT-1-46 in CDCl3



2b ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz)

¹³C NMR DSW-3-76 in CDCl₃

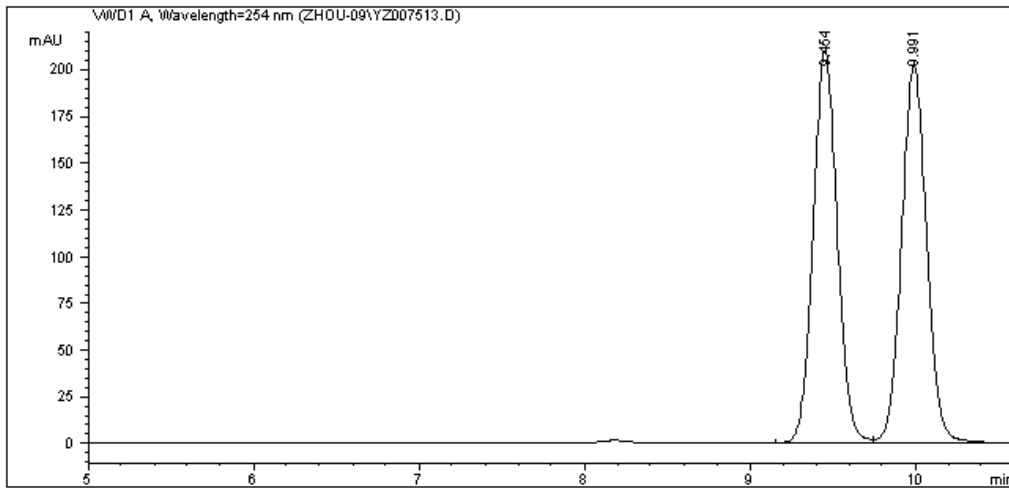


UNCORRECTED

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AD-H, H/i-PrOH = 70/30, 0.7 mL/min

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Area Percent Report
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Dilution : 1.0000

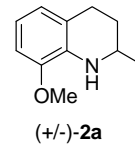
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area mAU	*s	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.454	VV	0.1575	2126.41040		209.87328	49.8034
2	9.991	VV	0.1646	2143.19775		201.95670	50.1966

Totals : 4269.60815 411.82997

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

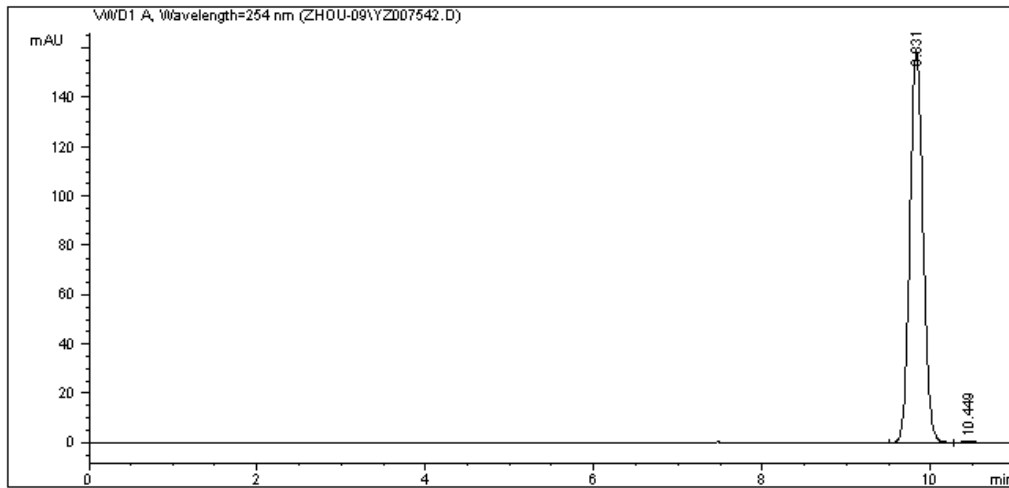
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Area Percent Report
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Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000

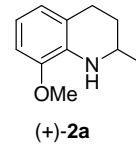
Signal 1: WWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area mAU	Area %	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.831	VV	0.1712	1738.31592	99.5039	159.02916	99.5039
2	10.449	VB	0.2038	8.66741	0.4961	6.37295e-1	0.4961

Totals : 1746.98333 159.66645

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

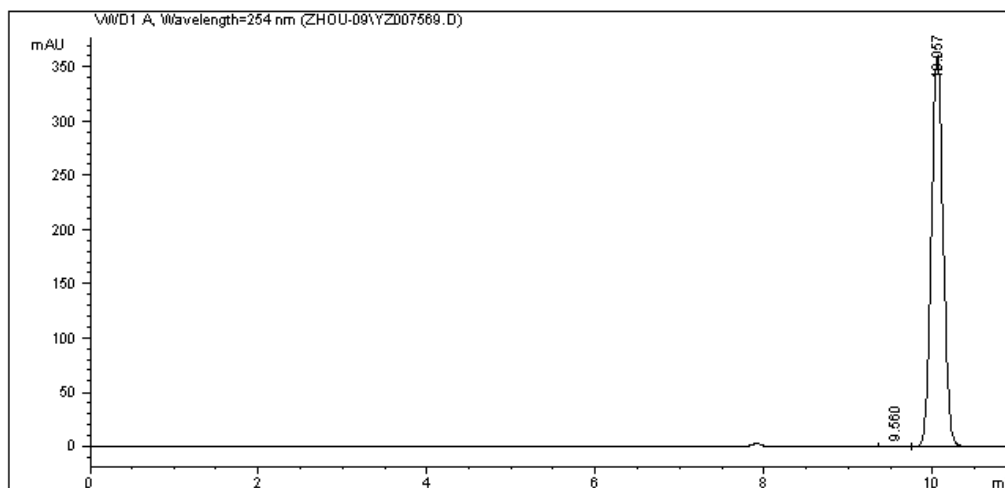
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IC, H/i-PrOH = 99.5/0.5, 0.5mL/min,254NM

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Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000

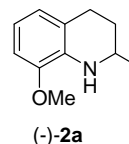
Signal 1: WWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area mAU	Area %	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	9.560	WV	0.1466	4.49275	0.1260	4.69535e-1	0.1260
2	10.057	VP	0.1543	3560.07349	99.8740	361.19980	99.8740

Totals : 3564.56623 361.66933

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

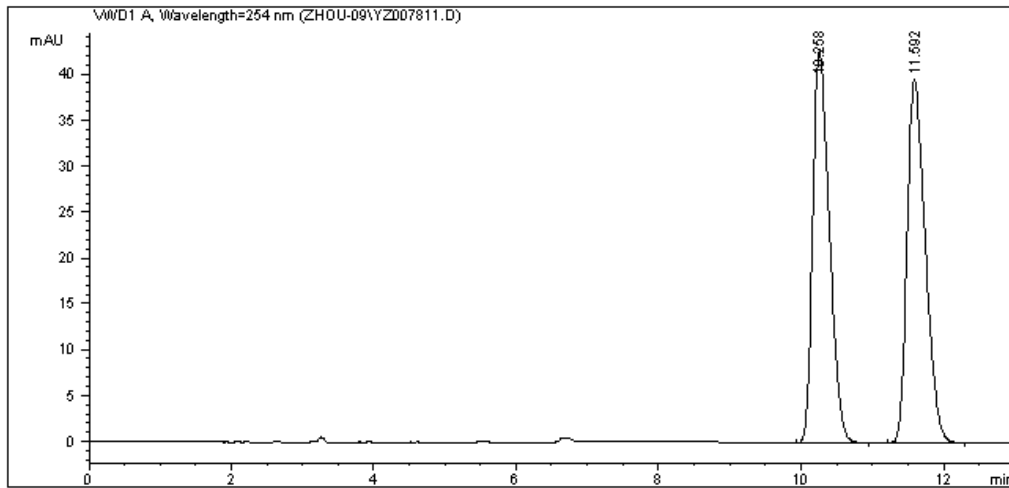
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Sample Name: JT-1-47A

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Area Percent Report
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Sorted By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000

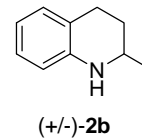
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area mAU	*s	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.258	VB	0.2552	693.42572		42.64019	49.6047
2	11.592	BB	0.2766	704.47668		39.48765	50.3953

Totals : 1397.90240 82.12783

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

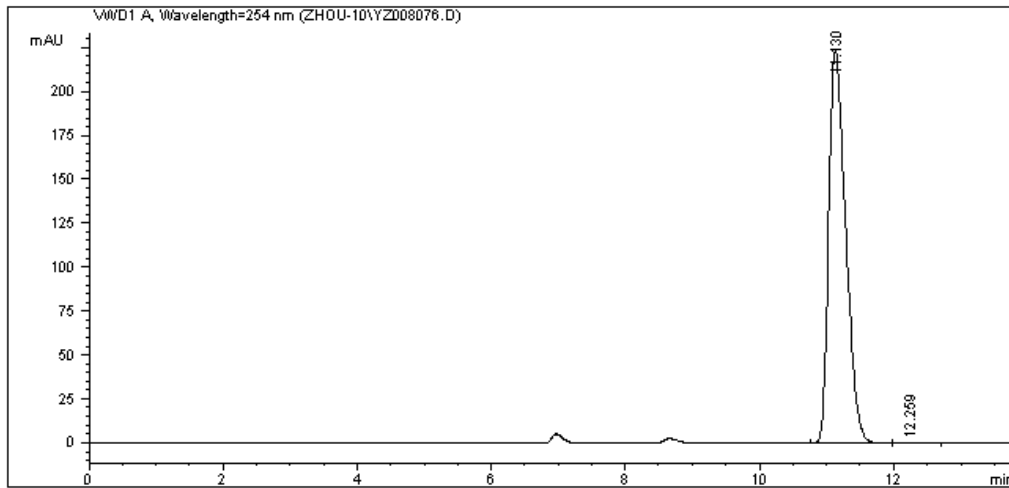
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Sample Name: JT-1-61D

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Area Percent Report
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Dilution : 1.0000

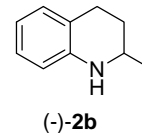
Signal 1: WVD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area mAU *s	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.130	VB	0.2695	3904.14355	223.32213	99.8845
2	12.259	BV	0.3119	4.51406	2.20224e-1	0.1155

Totals : 3908.65761 223.54235

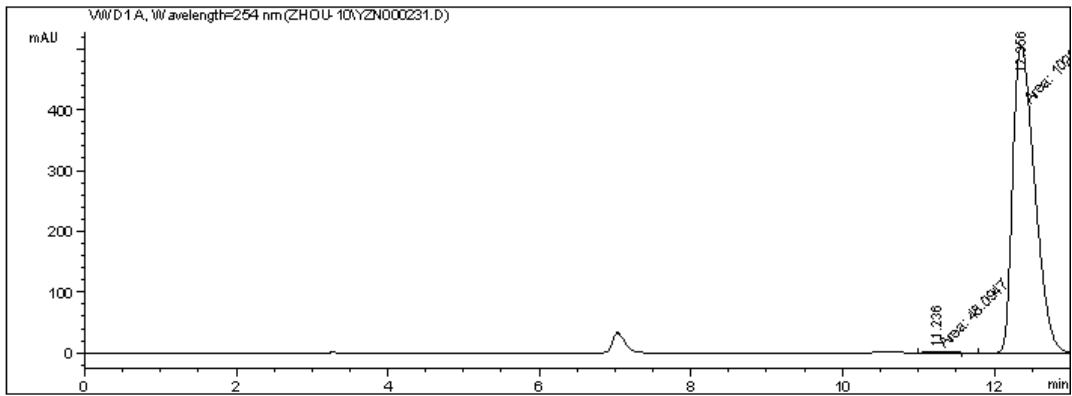
Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

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Last changed    : 3/12/2010 4:15:40 PM
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Sample Info     : 0J-H, H/i-PrOH = 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 30 oC, 254 NM
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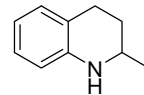
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Dilution: : 1.0000
Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs

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1	11.236	MM	0.2726	48.09468	2.94102	0.4652
2	12.356	MM	0.3392	1.02913e4	505.68402	99.5348

Totals : 1.03394e4 508.62504



(+)-2b

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*** End of Report ***